

MOVEABLE MASSES



DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE:



[18-34] 37% (35-54) 39%

MOST LIVE IN URBAN 62%

SUBURBAN 25% AREAS

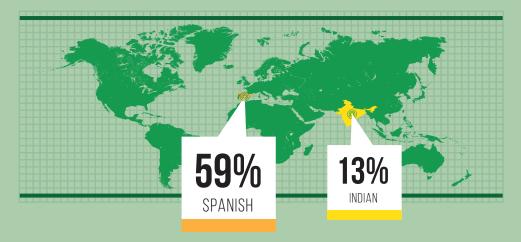






THE LARGEST SEGMENT ACROSS THE 18 MARKETS SURVEYED, THE **Moveable** MASSES SEGMENT CONSUMES A LOT OF FOOD WITH A HEAVY ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINT, BUT IS OPEN TO CHANGING ITS BEHAVIOR AND HAS GOOD INTENTIONS TO START EATING MORE ENVIRONMENTALLY RESPONSIBLY.

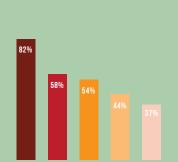
GLOBAL SIZE OF SEGMENT 37%



LARGEST COUNTRY PRESENCE SMALLEST COUNTRY PRESENCE

CHARACTERISTIC FOOD BEHAVIOR

•GOOD INTENTIONS BUT NEED MORE INFORMATION•



- 82% THINK BUYING LOCALLY PRODUCED FOODS HELPS THE LOCAL **ECONOMY**
- 58% AGREE IT'S WORTH IT TO PAY MORE FOR LOCAL OR ORGANIC FOODS
- 54% UNDERSTAND WHAT "ORGANIC" MEANS WHEN REFERRING TO FOOD
- 44% THINK IT'S DIFFICULT TO TELL THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LOCALLY PRODUCED FOODS AND THOSE THAT COME FROM FAR AWAY
- 37% FEEL WELL INFORMED ABOUT THE QUALITY, SAFETY, AND ORIGIN OF THEIR FOOD

MATERIALISM

·MOST MATERIALISTIC SEGMENT·



- 30% SAY OWNING A BIG HOUSE
- 18% SAY OWNING A LUXURY CAR

..IS A VERY IMPORTANT LIFE-GOAL

INFLUENCE POTENTIAL

·MODERATE ·

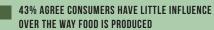
43% SAY THEY MODERATELY ENCOURAGE FRIENDS AND/OR PEERS TO MAKE FOOD CHOICES THAT REDUCE THEIR DETRIMENTAL IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT

EMPOWERMENT

•I 0W•

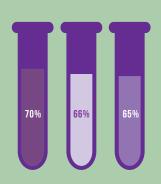


47% BELIEVE THEY CAN INFLUENCE WHAT TYPES OF FOODS ARE AVAILABLE WHERE THEY SHOP



MORE LIKELY TO THINK THERE IS LITTLE INDIVIDU-ALS CAN DO ABOUT SOCIETY'S ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT (38%) THAN TO THINK THEY CAN DO SOMETHING (33%)

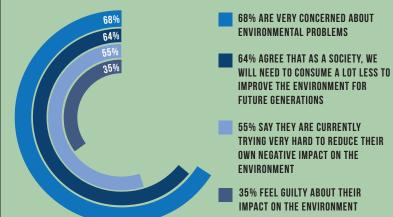
TRUST IN SCIENCE



- 70% AGREE MOST SCIENTISTS ARE **CONVINCED THAT HUMAN ACTIVITY** CAUSES CLIMATE CHANGE AND GLOBAL WARMING
- 66% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN **NEGATIVELY AFFECTS OUR HEALTH**
- 65% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN NEGATIVELY AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT

ATTITUDE TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS

• ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS •







[18-34] 44% (35-54) 35% (55+) 21%

MOST LIVE IN URBAN 58%

OR

SUBURBAN 26% AREAS



MOST HAVE LOW (41%) OR AVERAGE (41%) INCOME

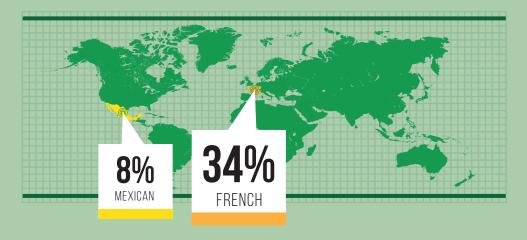


MOST (65%) HAVE MEDIUM LEVEL OF EDUCATION



MOST (66%) HAVE NO CHILDREN (18 OR YOUNGER) A RELATIVELY SMALL SEGMENT ACROSS THE 18 MARKETS SURVEYED, THE CONFLICTED SEGMENT ALREADY DISPLAYS ENVIRONMENTALLY RESPONSIBLE EATING HABITS AND WANTS TO IMPROVE EVEN FURTHER. BUT LACKS MOTIVATION AND INFORMATION.

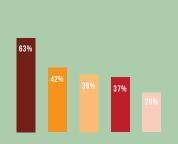
GLOBAL SIZE OF SEGMENT 17%



LARGEST COUNTRY PRESENCE SMALLEST COUNTRY PRESENCE

CHARACTERISTIC FOOD BEHAVIOR

·LACK OF INFORMATION AND INTEREST ARE BARRIERS TO FURTHER IMPROVEMENT.



- 63% THINK BUYING LOCALLY PRODUCED FOODS HELPS THE LOCAL ECONOMY
- 42% UNDERSTAND WHAT "ORGANIC" MEANS WHEN REFERRING TO FOOD
- 39% THINK IT'S DIFFICULT TO TELL THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LOCALLY PRODUCED FOODS AND THOSE THAT COME FROM FAR AWAY
- 37% AGREE IT'S WORTH IT TO PAY MORE FOR LOCAL OR ORGANIC FOODS
- 26% FEEL WELL INFORMED ABOUT THE QUALITY, SAFETY, AND ORIGIN OF THEIR FOOD

MATERIALISM

MODERATELY MATERIALISTIC





- 24% SAY OWNING A BIG HOUSE
- 15% SAY OWNING A LUXURY CAR

..IS A VERY IMPORTANT LIFE-GOAL

INFLUENCE POTENTIAL

-I NW-

50% SAY THEY DO NOT ENCOURAGE FRIENDS AND/OR PEERS TO MAKE FOOD CHOICES THAT REDUCE THEIR DETRIMENTAL IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT

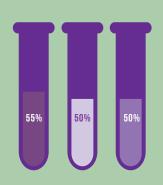
EMPOWERMENT



- 39% BELIEVE CONSUMERS HAVE LITTLE INFLUENCE OVER THE WAY FOOD IS PRODUCED
- 32% AGREE THEY CAN INFLUENCE WHAT TYPES OF FOODS ARE AVAILABLE WHERE THEY SHOP
- CLOSELY DIVIDED BETWEEN THOSE WHO THINK THERE IS LITTLE INDIVIDUALS CAN DO ABOUT SOCIETY'S EFFECT ON THE ENVIRONMENT (32%) AND THOSE WHO THINK INDIVIDUALS CAN DO SOMETHING (28%)

TRUST IN SCIENCE

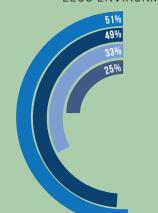
·MODERATE•



- **55% AGREE MOST SCIENTISTS ARE** CONVINCED THAT HUMAN ACTIVITY CAUSES CLIMATE CHANGE AND GLOBAL WARMING
- 50% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND **CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN** NEGATIVELY AFFECTS OUR HEALTH
- 50% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN NEGATIVELY AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT

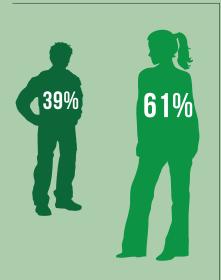
ATTITUDE TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS

·LESS ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS·



- 51% AGREE THAT AS A SOCIETY, WE WILL NEED TO CONSUME A LOT LESS TO IMPROVE THE ENVIRONMENT FOR **FUTURE GENERATIONS**
- **49% ARE VERY CONCERNED ABOUT ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS**
- 33% SAY THEY ARE CURRENTLY TRYING VERY HARD TO REDUCE THEIR OWN NEGATIVE IMPACT ON THE **ENVIRONMENT**
- 25% FEEL GUILTY ABOUT THEIR IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT





(18-34) 33% (35-54) 40% (55+) 27%

MOST LIVE IN URBAN 66% AREAS



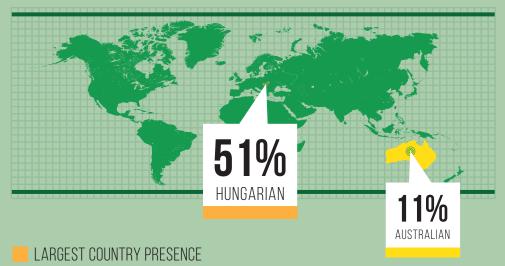
MOST (65%) HAVE MEDIUM LEVEL OF EDUCATION



THE SECOND LARGEST SEGMENT ACROSS THE 18 MARKETS SURVEYED, THE MOTIVATED GREENS SEGMENT IS THE MOST ECOLOGICALLY DRIVEN SEGMENT. IT ALREADY DISPLAYS ENVIRONMENTALLY RESPONSIBLE EATING HABITS, AND IS MOTIVATED TO IMPROVE EVEN FURTHER

GLOBAL SIZE OF SEGMENT 27%

SMALLEST COUNTRY PRESENCE



CHARACTERISTIC FOOD BEHAVIOR

•ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS CONSUMERS•



MATERIALISM

•MODERATELY MATERIALISTIC•



- 23% SAY OWNING A BIG HOUSE
- 11% SAY OWNING A LUXURY CAR

..IS A VERY IMPORTANT LIFE-GOAL

INFLUENCE POTENTIAL

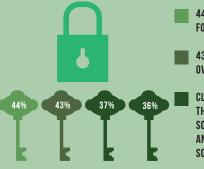
•MODERATE•



40% SAY THEY MODERATELY ENCOURAGE FRIENDS AND/OR PEERS TO MAKE FOOD CHOICES THAT REDUCE THEIR DETRIMENTAL IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT

EMPOWERMENT

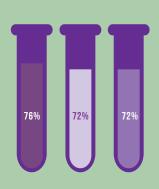
·MODEST•



- 44% AGREE THEY CAN INFLUENCE WHAT TYPES OF FOODS ARE AVAILABLE WHERE THEY SHOP
- 43% BELIEVE CONSUMERS HAVE LITTLE INFLUENCE OVER THE WAY FOOD IS PRODUCED
- CLOSELY DIVIDED BETWEEN THOSE WHO THINK THERE IS LITTLE INDIVIDUALS CAN DO ABOUT SOCIETY'S EFFECT ON THE ENVIRONMENT (37%) AND THOSE WHO THINK INDIVIDUALS CAN DO SOMETHING (36%)

TRUST IN SCIENCE

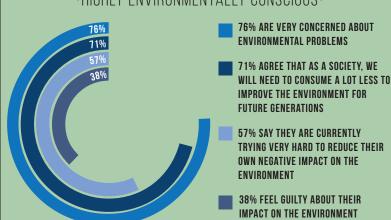
· HIGH



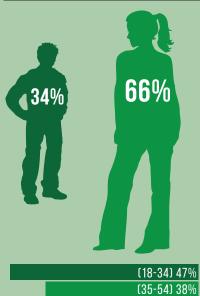
- 76% AGREE MOST SCIENTISTS ARE
 CONVINCED THAT HUMAN ACTIVITY
 CAUSES CLIMATE CHANGE AND GLOBAL
 WARMING
- 72% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM
 THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND
 CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN
 NEGATIVELY AFFECTS <u>Our health</u>
- 72% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM
 THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND
 CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN
 NEGATIVELY AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT

ATTITUDE TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS

·HIGHLY ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS•





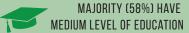


(55+) 15%

MOST LIVE IN URBAN 65% OR

SUBURBAN 25% AREAS

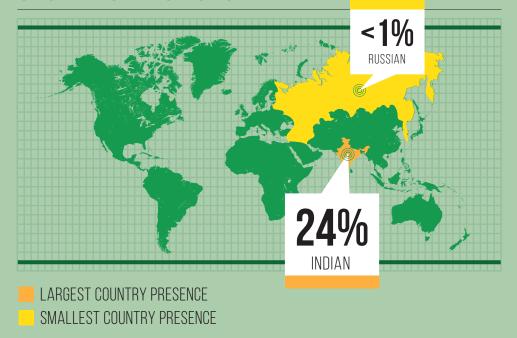






► A SMALL SEGMENT ACROSS THE 18 MARKETS SURVEYED, THE **committed VEGETARIAN** SEGMENT ALREADY DISPLAYS ENVIRONMENTALLY RESPONSIBLE EATING HABITS.

GLOBAL SIZE OF SEGMENT 2%



CHARACTERISTIC FOOD BEHAVIOR

INFORMED AND ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS.



MATERIALISM

·HIGH•



- 26% SAY OWNING A BIG HOUSE
- 18% SAY OWNING A LUXURY CAR

..IS A VERY IMPORTANT LIFE-GOAL

INFLUENCE POTENTIAL

·STRONG·



41% SAY THEY STRONGLY ENCOURAGE FRIENDS AND/OR PEERS TO MAKE FOOD CHOICES THAT REDUCE THEIR DETRIMENTAL IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT

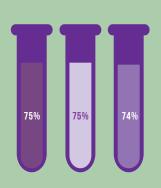
EMPOWERMENT

·MIXFD•



- 60% AGREE THEY CAN INFLUENCE WHAT TYPES OF FOODS ARE AVAILABLE WHERE THEY SHOP
- **48% BELIEVE CONSUMERS HAVE LITTLE INFLUENCE** OVER THE WAY FOOD IS PRODUCED
- MORE LIKELY TO THINK THERE IS LITTLE INDIVIDU-ALS CAN DO ABOUT SOCIETY'S ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT (42%) THAN TO THINK THEY CAN DO SOMETHING (28%)"

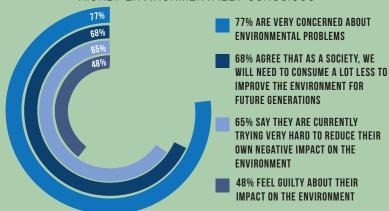
TRUST IN SCIENCE



- 75% AGREE MOST SCIENTISTS ARE CONVINCED THAT HUMAN ACTIVITY CAUSES CLIMATE CHANGE AND GLOBAL WARMING
- 75% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND **CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN** NEGATIVELY AFFECTS OUR HEALTH
- 74% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN NEGATIVELY AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT

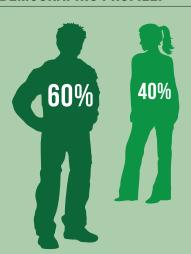
ATTITUDE TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS

·HIGHLY ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS·









(18-34) 28% (35-54) 38% (55+) 34%

MOST LIVE IN URBAN 47%

UR
SUBURBAN 33% AREAS



MAJORITY (56%) HAVE MEDIUM LEVEL OF EDUCATION



A RELATIVELY SMALL SEGMENT ACROSS THE 18 MARKETS SURVEYED, THE IMMOBILIZED SEGMENT CONSUMES A MODERATE AMOUNT OF FOOD WITH A HEAVY ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINT AND IS NOT OPEN TO CHANGING ITS BEHAVIOR.

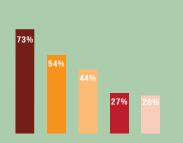
GLOBAL SIZE OF SEGMENT 16%



LARGEST COUNTRY PRESENCE
SMALLEST COUNTRY PRESENCE

CHARACTERISTIC FOOD BEHAVIOR

•NOT ENVIRONMENTALLY CONSCIOUS IN TERMS OF FOOD•



- 73% THINK BUYING LOCALLY PRODUCED FOODS HELPS THE LOCAL ECONOMY
- 54% UNDERSTAND WHAT "ORGANIC" MEANS WHEN REFERRING TO FOOD
- 44% THINK IT'S DIFFICULT TO TELL THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN LOCALLY-PRODUCED FOODS AND THOSE THAT COME FROM FAR AWAY
- 27% AGREE IT'S WORTH IT TO PAY MORE FOR LOCAL OR ORGANIC FOODS
- 26% FEEL WELL INFORMED ABOUT THE QUALITY, SAFETY, AND ORIGIN OF THEIR FOOD

MATERIALISM

·LEAST MATERIALISTIC SEGMENT·



- 19% SAY OWNING A BIG HOUSE
- 11% SAY OWNING A LUXURY CAR

..IS A VERY IMPORTANT LIFE-GOAL

INFLUENCE POTENTIAL

·LOW·

67% SAY THEY DO NOT ENCOURAGE Friends and/or peers to make food Choices that reduce thier detrimental Impact on the environment

EMPOWERMENT

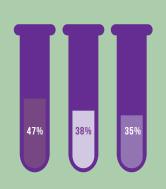
·MIXFD•



- 27% AGREE THEY CAN INFLUENCE WHAT TYPES OF FOODS ARE AVAILABLE WHERE THEY SHOP
- 45% BELIEVE CONSUMERS HAVE LITTLE INFLUENCE OVER THE WAY FOOD IS PRODUCED
- MORE LIKELY TO THINK THAT INDIVIDUALS CAN DO SOMETHING ABOUT SOCIETY'S ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT (35%) THAN TO THINK THAT THERE IS LITTLE THEY CAN DO (29%)"

TRUST IN SCIENCE

•I NW.



- 47% AGREE MOST SCIENTISTS ARE
 CONVINCED THAT HUMAN ACTIVITY
 CAUSES CLIMATE CHANGE AND GLOBAL
 WARMING
- 38% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM That the way we produce and Consume food today often Negatively affects our health
- 35% AGREE WITH SCIENTISTS' CLAIM
 THAT THE WAY WE PRODUCE AND
 CONSUME FOOD TODAY OFTEN
 NEGATIVELY AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT

ATTITUDE TOWARDS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS

·DISENGAGED·



- 34% AGREE THAT AS A SOCIETY, WE
 WILL NEED TO CONSUME A LOT LESS TO
 IMPROVE THE ENVIRONMENT FOR
 FUTURE GENERATIONS
- 28% ARE VERY CONCERNED ABOUT ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS
- 20% SAY THEY ARE CURRENTLY
 TRYING VERY HARD TO REDUCE THEIR
 OWN NEGATIVE IMPACT ON THE
 ENVIRONMENT
- 9% FEEL GUILTY ABOUT THEIR IMPACT ON THE ENVIRONMENT